

$0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$  で,  $\frac{1}{\cos \theta} - \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \sqrt{3}$  であるとする。

(1)  $x = \sin \theta \cos \theta$  とするとき,  $x$  に関する 2 次方程式を求めよ。

(2)  $\sin \theta \cos \theta$  の値を求めよ。

(3) 次の値を求めよ。

(i)  $\sin \theta$

(ii)  $\tan \theta$

(4) 次の式の値を求めよ。

(i)  $\frac{1}{\cos 60^\circ} - \frac{1}{\sin 60^\circ}$

(ii)  $\frac{1}{\cos 75^\circ} - \frac{1}{\sin 75^\circ}$

[北海道医療大]

1) 
$$\frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta \cos \theta} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\sin \theta - \cos \theta = \sqrt{3} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2 = 3 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$

$$1 - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 3 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$

$x = \sin \theta \cos \theta$   
 $3x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$

(2) 
$$\begin{matrix} 1 & \times & 1 & \rightarrow & 3 \\ 3 & \times & -1 & \rightarrow & -1 \end{matrix} \quad (x+1)(3x-1)=0$$

$$\therefore \sin \theta \cos \theta = -1, \frac{1}{3} \quad 0 < \theta < 90^\circ \text{ の } \sin \theta \cos \theta > 0.$$

$$\therefore \sin \theta \cos \theta = \frac{1}{3}$$

3) 
$$(\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^2 = 1 + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1 + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} \quad 0 < \theta < 90^\circ \text{ の } \sin \theta + \cos \theta > 0 \text{ より}$$

$$\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$$

解と係数の関係を用いて  $x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}x + \frac{1}{3} = 0$

$$3x^2 - \sqrt{15}x + 1 = 0 \quad x = \frac{\sqrt{15} \pm \sqrt{15-12}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{15} \pm \sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{\cos \theta} - \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \sqrt{3} \text{ より } \sin \theta > \cos \theta \text{ であるから } \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{3}}{6} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{15} - \sqrt{3}} = \frac{(\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{3})^2}{15 - 3} = \frac{18 + 6\sqrt{5}}{12} = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

(i)  $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{3}}{6}$ , (ii)  $\tan \theta = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$

4) (i)  $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = 2 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = 2 - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{6-2\sqrt{3}}{3}$  (ii)  $\frac{6-2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

(ii)  $\cos 75^\circ = \cos 30^\circ \cos 45^\circ - \sin 30^\circ \sin 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}}$   $\frac{1}{\cos 75^\circ} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}-1}$

$$\sin 75^\circ = \sin 30^\circ \cos 45^\circ + \sin 45^\circ \cos 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$
  $\frac{1}{\sin 75^\circ} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}+1}$ 

$$\therefore \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}-1} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}+1) - 2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+1)} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{2} = 2\sqrt{2}$$
 (ii)  $2\sqrt{2}$