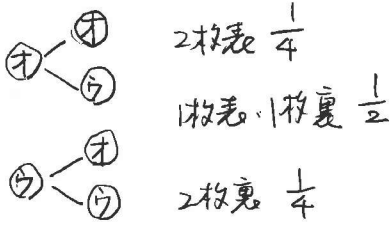


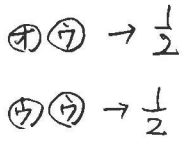
① ②

↓
投げる



③ ④

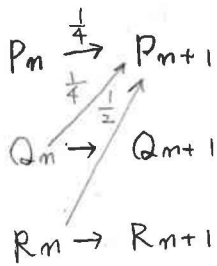
① だけ投げる



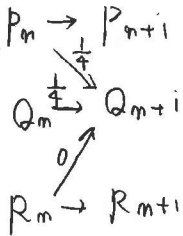
n 回後

2枚とも裏の確率を P_n 、2枚とも表の確率を Q_n

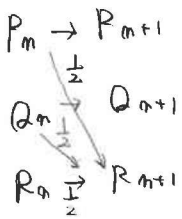
1枚表、1枚裏の確率を R_n とすると



$$P_{n+1} = \frac{1}{4}P_n + \frac{1}{4}Q_n + \frac{1}{2}R_n \dots \textcircled{1}$$



$$Q_{n+1} = \frac{1}{4}P_n + \frac{1}{4}Q_n \dots \textcircled{2}$$



$$R_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}P_n + \frac{1}{2}Q_n + \frac{1}{2}R_n \dots \textcircled{3}$$

$$\text{また } P_n + Q_n + R_n = 1 \text{ が成り立つから } \dots \textcircled{4}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ より } P_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}(P_n + Q_n + R_n) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ より } R_n = \frac{1}{2} \dots \textcircled{5}$$

$$\textcircled{4}, \textcircled{5} \text{ より } P_n + Q_n = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \text{ より } P_{n+1} &= \frac{1}{4}(P_n + Q_n) + \frac{1}{2}R_n \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \frac{3}{8} \quad (n \geq 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$P_n \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & (n=1) \\ \frac{3}{8} & (n \geq 2) \end{cases}$$