

1) $f(x) = \int_x^{x+1} \log t \, dt$
 $= [t \log t - t]_x^{x+1}$

$= (x+1) \log(x+1) - (x+1) - (x \log x - x)$
 $= (x+1) \log(x+1) - x - 1 - x \log x + x$

よって
 $f(x) = (x+1) \log(x+1) - x \log x - 1$

$f'(x) = \log(x+1) + (x+1) \cdot \frac{1}{x+1} - \log x - x \cdot \frac{1}{x}$
 $= \log(x+1) - \log x$

2) $\int_1^2 \{(x+1) \log(x+1) - x \log x - 1\} \, dx \dots \textcircled{D}$

$\int_1^2 (x+1) \log(x+1) \, dx = \left[\frac{1}{2} (x+1)^2 \log(x+1) \right]_1^2 - \frac{1}{2} \int_1^2 (x+1) \, dx$
 $= \frac{9}{2} \log 3 - 2 \log 2 - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} (x+1)^2 \right]_1^2$
 $= \frac{9}{2} \log 3 - 2 \log 2 - \frac{5}{4}$

$\int_1^2 x \log x \, dx = \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \log x \right]_1^2 - \frac{1}{2} \int_1^2 x \, dx$
 $= 2 \log 2 - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_1^2$
 $= 2 \log 2 - \frac{3}{4}$

$\int_1^2 dx = [x]_1^2 = 1$

$\textcircled{D} = \frac{9}{2} \log 3 - 2 \log 2 - \frac{5}{4} - (2 \log 2 - \frac{3}{4}) - 1$
 $= \frac{9}{2} \log 3 - 4 \log 2 - \frac{3}{2}$

3) $g(x) = k(x+1)$ とおくと

$f(x) = g(x)$ と考えよと

$(x+1) \log(x+1) - x \log x - 1 = k(x+1)$ から

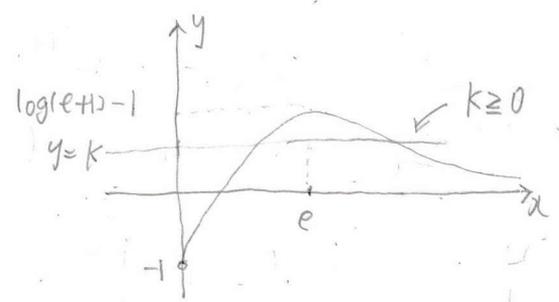
$\log(x+1) - \frac{x \log x + 1}{x+1} = k$ とおくと

$h(x) = \log(x+1) - \frac{x \log x + 1}{x+1}$ と $y = k$ の
 共有点を調べる

$h'(x) = \frac{(x+1) - (x \log x + 1)(x+1) + x \log x + 1}{(x+1)^2}$
 $= \frac{(x+1) - x \log x - \log x - x - 1 + x \log x + 1}{(x+1)^2}$
 $= \frac{1 - \log x}{(x+1)^2}$

真数条件より $x+1 > 0, x > 0$ と $x+1 \neq 1 \Rightarrow x > 0$ の
 範囲で考えよと

x	0	...	e	...
$h(x)$		+	0	-
$h'(x)$		↗	極大	↘



$k \geq 0$ のとき

$0 \leq k \leq \log(e+1) - 1$

のとき共有点を2つ